**Muscle Fatigue**

**Problem:** What happens when lactic acid builds up in muscles?

**Background:** In order to contract, your muscles require energy in the form of ATP. Muscles normally produce ATP by using oxygen (aerobic respiration.) When the muscle cells do not receive enough oxygen, anaerobic respiration produces lactic acid. When muscles do a lot of work quickly, the build up of lactic acid greatly reduces their ability to contract, until eventually exhaustion sets in and contraction stops altogether. This is called *muscle fatigue*.

**Materials:** clothespin, timer

**Procedure**
1. Hold a clothespin between the thumb and index finger on your dominant hand (the one you use the most.)
2. Count the number of times you can open and close the clothespin in a 20-second period while holding the other fingers of the hand straight out. Make sure to squeeze quickly and completely to get the maximum number of squeezes for each trial.
3. Repeat the process for nine more 20-second periods, recording the result for each trial in the data table. Do NOT rest between trials.
4. Repeat steps 1, 2, and 3 for the nondominant hand.
5. Repeat steps 1, 2 and 3 for Partner 2.
6. Make a line graph of your results for both hands of both partners.

**Data Table – Number of Clothespin Squeezes-Partner 1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Hand</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
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<tbody>
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**Analysis**
1. What happened to your strength as you progressed through each trial?
2. Describe how your hand and fingers felt near the end of your trials.
3. Were your results different for the dominant and the nondominant hand? If yes, explain why.
4. Your muscles will likely recover after about 10 minutes of rest. Explain why.
5. Compare the anaerobic process which produces muscle fatigue with the normal process of aerobic respiration which would occur in an unstressed hand use situation.

**Number of Clothespin Squeezes-Partner 2**

<table>
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Adapted from “How Do Your Muscles Work?” from Troy High School, Troy, NY